

**REGISTRATION OF A LITTER**

1.A litter must be registered before they are 3 months old and permanently registered

 by 12 months of age.

2. The Bahrain Kennel Club will **NOT** accept an application to register a litter without veterinarian certificate When :

 a) The Dam has already whelped 4 litters (Request required)

 b) The Dam has already reached the age of 10 years at the date of whelping

 c) The Dam was under 18 months old at the time of mating

 d) The offspring’s are the result of any mating between father and daughter, mother

 and son or brother and sister

e) The Dam has already had two litter delivered by cesarean section

f) The Dam was NOT resident at a Bahrain address at the date of whelping

g) The Breeder is not a member of BKC

h) The Breeder have had more then one litter, a registered kennel is required

3. In the absence of other agreements, the new owner of a pregnant bitch automatically becomes the breeder of the expected litter.

4. Each dog bred in and registered with a FCI member country is to be provided with permanent and falsification-proof identification; this identification is to appear on its pedigree. If parenthood testing is performed, international standard markers should be used and the results should be available in the national canine organization registry. The identification of the dog (chip or tattoo) must be certified if DNA is collected.

A litter is registered when the breeder has his/ her legal residence and the litter was born. The litter will bear his/her kennel name. Should the owner of the kennel name move to another FCI member country for (un)determined period, it is up to him/her to transfer his/her kennel name in due time before the litter is born. He/she has to apply for the transfer to the new national canine organization and this organization has to inform, then, the FCI. Further to this transfer, the owner of the kennel name is allowed to breed exclusively in the country where he/she transferred his/her kennel name.

Breeders must apply for registration of every pure-bred litter of puppies. All puppies in a litter has to be fully registered at the same time; this includes all puppies reared to the date of application for registration.

Pedigrees, which are in fact birth certificates, must be issued for correct parentage only.

Normally, a female is to be mated by only one male for the same litter. In cases of

deviations, the kennel clubs are obliged, at the breeder’s costs, to have the parentage proved by DNA testing.

5. In the absence of a lease agreements, the new owner of a pregnant bitch automatically becomes the breeder of the expected litter.